### Semester I

## Core – I: Non-Chordates I: Protista to Pseudocoelomaties

## **Programme Outcome:**

- Understand the general characteristics of non-chordate groups of organisms.
- Acquire knowledge regarding classification of the taxa with examples.
- Develop an understanding of important phenomena associated with each taxon.
- Acquire skills in identifying representative species of groups studied.
- Illustrate phylogenic distribution of lower groups of Non-chordates.

#### **Course Outcome:**

- Utilize information to understand the differences of the groups studied.
- Develop skills in examining diversity of the taxa.

# **Core-II: Principles of Ecology**

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Understand the concept of an ecosystem, its attributes, factors and functioning.
- Learn about population attributes, growth patterns, strategies; regulation and interactions.
- To appraise learners regarding various community characteristics.
- Comprehend biological data; learn graphical representation of data, sampling techniques, grasp basic statistics.
- Acquire skills on plotting survivorship curves, quadrate method of determining population density, diversity indices, techniques of preservation and mounting of plankton, determination of ecological parameters.

- Utilize information to understand interrelations and working of an ecosystem.
- Demonstrate the ability to comprehend data, plot graphs, present data and apply basic statistics.

**Core-III: Non-Chordates II: Coelomates** 

**Programme Outcome:** 

Understand elaboration of coelomic evolution and metamerism on Coelomates with

their classification up to their class and excretion system in Annelidans.

 Recognize insect vision, respiration and metamorphosis in Arthropoda with reference to Termites and in evolutionary significance of Onychophora with general

characteristics.

• Obtain an over view of the general features, respiration, Gastropodan evolution,

mechanism of torsion, and significance of larval life stages.

• Acquire knowledge on general characters and classification of Echinoderms and their

affinities with Chordates.

**Course Outcome:** 

• Develops skills in elaborating the general features and evolutionary significance of

the coelomate from Annelida to Echinoderms.

• Impactful visual understanding and enables the students to correlate the

evolutionary significance of each organism on the phylogenetic tree.

Study on various general features and characteristics of body symmetry and

arrangement with various vision types, excretory systems and developmental stage

give a strong fundamental understanding on the subject on Coelomates.

Core-IV: Cell Biology

**Programme Outcome:** 

• Introducing prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and their features, ultrastructure of

plasma membrane and mechanism of transport of molecules across plasma

membrane.

To know the structure, function and properties of endomembrane & cytoskeletal

network system and cell organelles.

• To understand the importance of mitochondria in aerobes, the role of mitochondrial

electron transport chain, oxidative phosphorylation & mechanism of ATP synthesis.

• To study the structure and packaging of chromosome in nucleus, behaviour of

chromosome during cell division, cell cycle and its regulation.

- Understanding the difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells and the mechanism of transportation across their membrane system.
- Understanding the role of cytoskeleton in maintaining structural frame work, cell motility and cell organelles.
- Deciphering the role of mitochondria in cellular respiration and energy production.
- Obtaining knowledge on structure and function of nucleus, cell division and regulation of cell cycle.

# **Core- V: Diversity and Distribution of Chordates**

# **Programme Outcome:**

- The students learn about the salient features, diversity and distribution of all Chordates.
- To know the evolution of aquatic, amphibious and terrestrial vertebrates.
- To understand the importance of distribution of vertebrates in different realms.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Understanding the origin, larval forms, distribution and adaptation of different vertebrates.
- Accumulating the knowledge and understanding on the classification, affinities and comparative anatomy of different vertebrates and their evolutionary significance.
- Learning the mechanism of flight and aquatic adaptations in birds and mammals.
- Obtaining knowledge pertaining to the distribution of animals particularly vertebrate in different realms.

# **Core-VI: Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating systems**

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Develop an understanding of tissues and tissue systems with clarity on types and functions of each.
- Acquire knowledge on the muscle and nervous system.
- Insight on the history of endocrinology, study endocrine glands, hormones, control and regulation.
- Acquire knowledge on the various facts of the reproductive system and their endocrine aspects.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Acquire skills in differentiating tissues based on their structure and functions.
- Gain insights on the controlling and coordinating systems of the body.
- Essential clarity on endocrine gland structures, hormones, functions and their regulations.
- Scientific knowledge based on reproductive system and placental hormones.

# Core – VII: Fundamentals of Biochemistry

## **Programme Outcome:**

- To gain understanding of fundamentals of biochemistry and biological macromolecules.
- To understand structure, classification, properties and significance of biomolecules.
- Knowledge of microbial diversity and classification.
- Acquire knowledge on nomenclature, classification and mechanism of enzyme action, regulation and its kinetics.

## **Course Outcome:**

- To understand the structure and biological importance of protein, carbohydrates, lipids, nucleic acids and enzymes.
- Providing knowledge on types of amino acids and its polymeric form.
- Obtain knowledge pertaining to future scopes and modern trends in microbiology.
- Understanding the experimental approaches to explore the origin of microbes.
- Understanding the morphology, classification and significance of host-vector relationship.
- Obtaining knowledge on enzymes and isoenzymes, specificity, inhibition, derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation.

# **Core – VIII: Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates**

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Understand anatomical significance of organ system in vertebrates.
- Comprehend structure, function and various derivatives of Integumentary, Skeletal, digestive, respiratory, circulatory, urinogenital and nervous system.

- Learner gains detailed overview of the anatomical resemblance amongst vertebrates hierarchies.
- Acquires knowledge on cellular development of organ systems in the vertebrates and linear progression of cellular derivatives during organogenesis.

• Understand the process of linear and vertical cellular evolutionary processes.

# Core – IX: Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Knowledge of critical physiological processes.
- Understand anatomical attributes of Digestive, Respiratory, Renal and Cardiovascular system.
- Learn and develop an understanding of vital life-sustaining physiological processes.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Appraise the significance of anatomical structures and physiological events.
- Apply information to understand the functioning of organisms.
- Demonstrate the ability to appreciate the occurrence of physiological actions.
- Understand interrelationships of life processes.
- Acquire practical skills in identifying different organs, and perform laboratory work based on theoretical applications.

# Core – X: Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes

## **Programme Outcome**

- Understanding of catabolism, anabolism and regulatory mechanism of intermediary metabolism.
- To learn the processes of carbohydrate, lipid and protein metabolism.
- To obtain knowledge on redox regulation and electron transport system.

- Gain overall knowledge and understanding on metabolic pathways and shuttle systems.
- Gain knowledge on carbohydrate metabolism related processes.
- Understanding of  $\beta$ -oxidation and catabolism of amino acids.
- Understanding on mitochondrial respiratory chain and oxidative phosphorylation.

# Core – XI: Molecular Biology

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Detailed information on DNA structure, different forms, their properties and types of RNA.
- Understanding mechanism of DNA replication and repair in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.
- Gain knowledge on mechanism of transcription and translation in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- Acquire knowledge on post transcriptional modifications of RNA.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Gain knowledge on details of Watson-Crick Model of DNA, RNA types.
- Understand the process of DNA replication, transcription, translation and their regulatory mechanisms.
- Gain knowledge on genetic code & regulatory machinery.
- Understand gene expression and role of RNA interference elements.

# Core - XII: Principles of Genetics

# **Programme Outcome:**

- Obtain knowledge on the basic principles of genetics.
- To provide knowledge on the mechanism of sex determination and extrachromosomal inheritance.
- To learn the process of DNA recombination, transposons and transposable elements.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Acquire knowledge on the fundamentals of Mendelian and non-Mendelian genetics, chromosomal mapping and interaction of genes.
- Providing the knowledge and understanding on linkage, crossing over, sex determination and role of extra-chromosomal inheritance.
- Obtaining knowledge on chromosomal aberration, cause and consequences of mutations.

# Core – XIII: Developmental Biology

## **Programme Outcome:**

 Understand the phases of development, changes, regulation and the concepts of ageing and teratogenesis. • Gain knowledge on In- Vitro fertilization and amniocentesis.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Understand the basic concepts of gametogenesis, fertilization and embryogenesis.
- Gain knowledge on interferences in developmental biology.

# Core - XIV: Evolutionary Biology

## **Programme Outcome:**

- Gain overview of the beginning of life and evolutionary theories.
- Understand various physical forces or stress pressures during evolution.
- Gain knowledge on correlate of epigenetic changes in the cellular footprints of animals and genetic lineages exerted though various physical forces.
- Comprehend the origin of evolution in Hominides with reference to Primates; validate evidence of human origin by molecular and phylogenetic sequence analysis.

## **Course Outcome:**

- Obtain knowledge of life initiation and its evolution through the chronological landscape.
- Know the evolutionary relationship of organisms with response to various physical forces leading to adaptive evolution.
- Strengthen student's analytical approach to evolutionary relationships.

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# PROGRAMME OUTCOME/COURSE OUTCOME: ZOOLOGY

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**SEMESTER: I** 

## PAPER-101: BIOSYSTEMATICS, BIOINFORMATICS, NON-CHORDATES

### PROGRAMME OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME

- To understand the biological diversity and its origin. (Identification, description, naming, classification)
- Bioinformatics helps in analyze, develop, create large amount of data, develop specific drugs and accelerate biological data.
- Obtain an overview of the general features, respiration, metamorphosis, evolutionary significance of different phylum.
- To understand the importance of distribution of invertebrates in different realms.

### **PAPER-102: CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS**

### COURSE OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME

- To know the structure, function, features of cell (Prokaryotic and eukaryotic), plasma membrane, cytoskeleton, cell organelles (Mitochondria, Golgi bodies, ER)
- To understand ETC, ATP synthers, oxidative phosphorylate.
- To study packaging of chromise in nucleus, cell cycle and its regulation.
- To understand Mendelian, non-mendelian Genetics, genes, mutation, linkage, crossing over.

### PAPER-103: PHYSIOLOGY, HISTOLOGY, HISTOCHEMISTRY

## **COURSE OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME**

- Develop an understanding of tissues, types and function of tissues.
- Acquire knowledge on muscle and nervous system.
- Understand different types of receptors.
- Study the techniques in differentiating different types of tissues through microscope.
- Acquire knowledge on osmoregulation and thermoregulation.

### PAPER-104: INSTRUMENTATION AND BIOSTATISTICS

# **COURSE OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME**

- To study different types of instruments used in biology to differentiate carbohydrate, protein, lipid, nucleic acids.
- Basically to study centrifugation, spectrophotometry, chromatography, electrophorus.
- To study statistical differentiation between different data on biological groups.

### **SEMESTER: 2**

### PAPER-201: BIOPHYSICS AND BIOCHEMISTRY

## PROGRAMME OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME

- To understand the structure and biological importance of protein, carbohydrate, lipids, nucleic acids, enzymes.
- Obtain knowledge on enzymes and isoenzymes, inhibition, derivation of Michaetis-menten equation.
- To study the principles of bonding between different types of biomolecules in the body.
- To gain knowledge about their de-naturation and renaturation.

## PAPER-202: MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

## PROGRAMME OUTCOME/LEARNING OUTCOME

- To obtain knowledge pertaining to future scopes and modern trends of microbiology, origin of microbes.
- To learn mechanism of action of microbial toxins and pathogenicity.
- Deducting knowledge on role of microbes in agriculture and healthcare sector.
- Study about antigenicity and immunogenicity.
- Different types of vaccines, hypersensitivity.

## PAPER-203: ENDOCRINOLOGY AND REPRODUCTIVE PHYSIOLOGY

- To study the history of endocrinology, study of endocrine glands, hormones, their control and regulation.
- Acquire knowledge on different facts of the reproductive system and their endocrine aspect.
- To study about different types of lifestyle disorders/diseases and their prevention.
- To acquire knowledge on reproductive health.

## PAPER-204: EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY AND ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR

- To acquire knowledge on beginning of life and evolutionary theories.
- Understand various physical forces or stress pressure during evolution.
- To study epigenetic changes in the cellular footprints of animals and genetic lineage.

### **SEMESTER: 3**

## PAPER-301: CHORDATES, COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND ECONOMIC ZOOLOGY

- Study salient features, diversity and distribution of all chordates (origin, larval form, distribution, and adaptation), their classification, affinities.
- To know different evolutionary comparisons of different systems (integumentary, locometory, circulatory, excretory, reproductive).
- To study different organisms having economic importance (honey bee-apiculture, earthworm-vermicomposting, silk moth-sericulture, oyster-pearl culture)

### **PAPER-302: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY**

- Understand the phase of development, changes, regulation and the concepts of ageing and teratigenesis.
- Gain knowledge on IVF and amniocentesis.
- Understand gametogenesis, fertilization and embryogenesis.
- Understand the concepts like early, late and post embryonic development.
- Also understand the concepts of direct development and indirect development.

## PAPER-303: ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY AND WILDLIFE CONSERVATION

- To study the concept of an ecosystem, its attributes, factors and functioning.
- To study about growth patterns, strategies, regulation and interactions.
- Acquire skills on plotting survivorship curves, quadrate method of determining population density, diversity, indices, techniques, mounting and preservation.
- To study the habitat of different wildlife animals and their conservation.

## PAPER-304: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY

- To gain knowledge on critical physiological process.
- Understand anatomical attributes of different systems.
- Understand vital life sustaining physiological processes.
- To study about different model organisms of developmental biology.

## **SEMESTER: 4**

### PAPER-401B: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF VERTEBRATES

- To study about different vertebrates.
- To study their pattern of evolution, growth pattern, metamorphosis and life span.
- Study about different adaptations, acclimatization seen in different phylum.
- To study about their reproduction and their contribution to the evolution.

## PAPER-402B: POPULATION GENETICS AND EVOLUTION

- To study about the cause of increase of population, different control methods.
- Study how genetic difference affect population.
- Study about genetic drift, mutation, gene flow.
- Study about adaption, speciation.
- Also study about different laws regarding conservation.

## PAPER-403B: ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY AND TOXICOLOGY

- Study about different pollution and their impact on human health and ecosystem.
- Effect of toxins, chemicals that may cause damage to living organisms, and the health effects associated exposure to them.
- To study how toxic chemicals are metabolized by organisms, how they move through food webs and ecosystems and their effect on species (lethal/non-lethal).

### PAPER-404B: PROJECT WORK